The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 28, 1868. NO. 223.

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM E. PELL, Proprietor.

Special Correspondence of the N. Y. Herald.

THE AGONY COMING TO AN END—PERTURBATION AMONG THE OFFICE-HOLDERS—DIFFICULTY OF CONVICTION ON THE EVIDENCE—BEN WADE AND THE VICE PRESIDENCY—SENATOR PATTERSON LOOKING FOR LODGINGS—THE "CARPET BAGGERS" IN WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April, 1868.

A few days hence and the agony of impeachment will be over, the curtain will have fallen on the solemn farce and the world will be under a strain to which her Andrew Johnson, Chief Magistrate of this great nation, has violated his high trust and laid sacrilegious hands on the Constitution of his country. Of course as the solemn moment draws nigh when the votes of fifty-four grave and elevated judges are to be recorded for or against the issue being tried, excitement deepens into intense anxiety and men's thoughts assume a character of profound uneasiness. Especially is this the case here, in Washington, where a great hive of office-holders, actual and prospective, draw the inspiration of life or the cruel fate of dissolution from the fortunes of an administration. Here where personal interests are affected to such an extent that a change of government gives a new complexion to the population of the city there is much perturbation felt as to the result of the trial. If Ben Wade goes in we may anticipate a lively state of weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth, and a great exodus to other parts, counteracted by as great an influx from at road, especially from the State of Ohio. Every day seems to make the Radicals grow stronger in the belief that impeachment will be a triumph. They were very willing to admit some time ago that ten or eleven Senators were doubtful, but now they assert that seven of these have had their vertebræ brought to the proper vertical rigidity, and but three or four, who can assail nothing, are in a state of indecision. Of course, we may expect an overflowing house and a period of tremendous interest when some day next week on the final question whether the impeachment is sustained the yeas and nays shall be taken on each article of impeachment separately. This will be the great climacteric point in the drama—the one, too, which is now absorbing all kinds of speculation. According to the twenty second rule, if impeachment shall not, upon any of the articles presented, be sustained by the votes of two-thirds of the members present a judgment of acquittal shall be entered; but if the person accused in such articles of impeachment shall be convicted upon any of said articles by the votes of two thirds of the members present, the Senate shall proceed to pronounce judgment and a certified copy of such judgment shall be deposited in the office of the Secretary of State.

It will thus be seen that each article is to be voted on separately, so that if one mesh in the net of indictment falls to entrap the victim, another may, and the purpose of the framers will be as fully answered.

The aim of the first nine articles is to prove a breach of the Civil Tenure act and an unlawful conspiracy between the President and General Thomas to get possession of the War Office and violate the law with criminal intent. The vote on one of these articles will be the same as on all the rest, as they are substantially alike, and if the Senate are guided by the evidence, which proves nothing that is charged, then the President will be acquitted. The tenth article, relating to General Emory, will be hurried over quickly, as it has been sufficiently well exploded by the testimony for the defence to make it ridiculous. The eleventh and last article, charging the President with indecency of expression, cannot be construed into a high crime and misdemeanor and is no impeachable offence. It comes, therefore, to this—that the impeachers will have no cause for rejoicing if the Senate is true to its sacred and constitutional duty. None but the office seekers here can be found brazen enough to uphold the evidence against the President as possessing either point or strength whatever, and none but the same class can shut their eyes to the accumulation of proofs which go to show the utter falsity of the charge of conspiracy, of criminal intent to violate the law and use force in the attempt. It is safe to say that if the President be convicted no one in that high court who is instrumental in removing him will venture to lay his hand upon his heart and say law, evidence and conscience dictated him so to do.

Ben Wade is by no means in favor with the republican party as their choice for Vice President on the ticket with General Grant; but Ben is keeping that nomination steadily in view, much to the disgust of five-sixths of his party. Colfax, Wilson, Fenton and Curtin are the names which so far have received the most mention, and any one of them, it is thought, would be preferred to Wade. But the latter, in case President Johnson is removed, will secure such an enormous patronage that it will be morally impossible to keep him out of the nomination he desires at Chicago. Feeling the force of this reflection, it is now said the radicals are about to prolong the impeachment trial until after the 20th. of May, and thereby prevent Ben from exercising any influence on the Convention. This prolongation can be easily effected by extension of the speeches, and by a lengthy adjournment to consider their verdict, by this means extending the trial beyond the 20th. of May and frustrating the hopes of old Ben. Of course this proceeds on the assumption that the President will be removed.

Among the other stories set afloat within the past few days by those who regard the removal of the President as a foregone conclusion is one to the effect that Mr. Johnson's son-in-law, Senator Patterson, who resides at the White House, growing fearful of what he thought was a shadow of the coming event which is to bring a change in its occupancy, started out one very wet day this week in pursuit of a boarding house; but has so far failed to find one commensurate with his dignity as a Senator and not offering too painful a contrast to the elegancies he has hitherto enjoyed in the Executive Mansion.

The number of carpet bag invaders from the sunny South at this moment in Washington is something strange and unprecedented. They have been pouring in since the beginning of the impeachment trial, and like so many locusts have eaten their way through all the cheap hotels in Washington. Their company must be sorrowfully missed at the South, especially by the simple and confiding darkies on the plantations. They came here principally to insure the conviction of the President, because if that end is not accomplished they are afraid their carpet bags can scarcely be kept as full as before. From Alabama, from Georgia, from everywhere in the South, these peripatetic politicians, with psalm-singing looks and seedy suits, swarm around the Capitol, button-holing members and Senators and perseveringly asseverating that all is gone up in the South if Andrew Johnson is not removed. They themselves will have to flee into the mountains and call upon the rocks to hide them from the face of the rebels, if the President is not at once turned out. And as for the poor negroes, it makes their hearts bleed to think of what fate is in store for them. The Ku Klux Klan will eat them up, and horrors on horror's head will fast accumulate. A good many of these fellows expect to gormandize themselves on offices when Wade is in, and they have just come at the nick of time like so many hungry wolves attracted by the scent of carrion.—The carpet-bagger is a great talker, though not much of a grammarian. He keeps the words "treason, Union loving loyalty, liberty and the poor negro" conveniently at his fingers' ends, and is ever ready for a stump speech, even to an audience of three or four persons. He looks a hard case physically, as though he had been abstinent in living through necessity in place of choice; but in his looks he shows plainly that he has something in his eye like the flesh pots of Egypt—the good things in the political pastures of the South, where his cotton bag will be turned into a cotton plantation.

Washington don't suit the bagmen for a lengthy stay. It is too expensive and the niggers are somewhat sharper and generally more enlightened than they are farther South. However, if Ben Wade, Sumner, Butler and the rest of that ilk come into possession of things here, the carpet-baggers will browse afterwards in clover.

It appears by advices from Alabama, that Governor Patton has cut loose from the Radical party, and, in a letter which he has addressed to General Meade, states his opinion very clearly that the cause of the defeat of the Constitution in Alabama was owing to its many obnoxious features and to the lamentable absence of those qualities which command respect and confidence in those men who were elected under it.

DRY GOODS.

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible—If you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES OR CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on R. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,

April 8 Fayetteville Street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MEDICAL SOCIETY OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THE Fifteenth Annual meeting of the Medical Society of North Carolina will take place in Warrenton, N. C., on Wednesday, the 20th day of May, 1868.

Delegates will be permitted to pass over the Railroads for one fare.

Dr. Wm. A. B. Norcom, of Edenton, will deliver the Annual Oration.

By order of the President,

THOMAS F. WOOD, Secretary.

April 17-tm

THE Prices of our Shoes will give satisfaction.

Apr. 16. G T & W C STRONACH.

Flour! Flour!

75 SACKS N. C. FLOUR, 50 bbls. N. C. and Patapsco Family Flour. For sale by

April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

COX'S GELATINE. At TONNOFFSKI'S.

Peaches, Peaches.

$4 PER DOZEN. THREE FOR ONE DOLlar. Something extra. For sale by

April 21-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

TOBACCO AGENCY.

We have received Agencies for the sale of MANUFACTURED and SMOKING TOBACCO, of all brands.

Orders for any quantity will be promptly filled. Parties having any for sale would do well to ship us, as ready sales can be made.

COWAND & HARRISS, Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.

April 21-3m

CANNED PEACHES, TOMATOES AND OYSTERS At TONNOFFSKI'S.

PLOWS AND POINTS of all kinds at G T & W C STRONACH'S.

Hardware, Earthenware, Crockery, Tubs, Baskets, Shovels, Spades, Forks and everything desirable to the farmer at

Apr 16—tf G T & W C STRONACH'S.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

3,000 LBS. RIB SIDES, At

April 21-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

BOOK STORES.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH, No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA; BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES; ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

Turner's N. C. Almanac for 1868.

WE SHALL PUBLISH, in a few days, the SECOND EDITION of the above Almanac.

We have reduced the price to $5 per hundred, or $50 per thousand.

Send your orders to

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH, Booksellers and Stationers,

Raleigh, Oct. 24—67-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

October 4, 1867—tf.

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,

Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment.

They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.

Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th. door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

Feb 7-154-tf

WILLIAM W. JONES,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HENDERSON, N. C.

WILL PRACTICE in the Counties of Granville, Franklin and Warren, and in the Federal Courts at Raleigh, N. C. Special attention given to matters in Bankruptcy.

Prompt personal attention given to collecting and securing claims in all parts of the State.

March 31—3m.

Hay! Hay! Hay!

100 BALES PRIME HAY. For sale by

April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

FOR SALE.

THREE handsome residences, and well improved lots, in the city.

W. H. JONES & CO. Apr. 15-68. Auction & Com Merchants.

FAMILY GROCERIES.

"A" Coffee Sugar, Cut Loaf Sugar. Old Java Coffee Laguira Coffee, Rio Coffee. Black Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Ground Cinnamon. J BROWN,

Raleigh, April 11-tf With Hart & Lewis

Molasses, Molasses!

50 HHDS. NEW CROP CARDENAS MOLASSES, arriving and to arrive at

April 10-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

1868. SPRING STOCK. 1868.

BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS, AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

direct from the Manufacturers, which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

WYCHE & PARKER, April 1-tf No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs. Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

CORN AND BACON.

200 bushels White Corn. 1,000 lbs. Shoulders and Side Bacon.

Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'

CANNED OYSTERS! At TONNOFFSKI'S.

Mar 18—tf

For Sale.

PICKLED BEEF by the Barrel W. H. JONES & CO.

March 16—tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF FANCY GOODS At TONNOFFSKI'S.

PRUNES.

6 dozen Jars, very superior.

Mar 28—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

SPUN COTTON.

200 Bunches Cotton Yarns, just received.

Mar 25—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

The Bankrupt Act.

We have been requested to publish the Bankrupt Law. This is impossible. It makes a respectable volume. In order, however, that our patrons may understand it, and may therefore not be liable to be imposed upon by parties, who are indifferent to the interests of others, we have taken some points to compile from several sources the following general principles of the Act, for the benefit of all who contemplate seeking its benefits. But first of all, we advise our friends not to determine hastily what they will do, until they have had the counsel of a respectable and intelligent Attorney, upon whom they can rely.

1. The manifest design of the Bankrupt Law is to benefit honest, but unfortunate, debtors, whose just liabilities are greater than they can pay.

2. To become a voluntary bankrupt under this Act, the debtor must owe at least $300, which, of course, he is not able to pay in full.

3. Petitioners under the Bankrupt Act are required to render a schedule of all their debts and liabilities, of every kind and description, whatever, and also an inventory of all their estate, both real and personal, including all property and effects of which they are possessed, or in which they may have an interest, (though not in possession) in conformity with certain "Forms" prescribed in the "General Orders" of the Supreme Court of the United States. These schedules, verified by the oath of the petitioner, before a District Court Judge, Register in Bankruptcy, or U S Commissioner, must accompany the petition, and, when filed, is the commencement of proceedings in Bankruptcy. If it should be found out, pending the proceedings at any time before the bankrupt is discharged, that he has, by any shift or subterfuge, made a false or partial schedule, this would be evidence of fraud and would defeat his discharge.

4. When the petition is by a firm or copartnership, a full set of schedules of the respective estates of the members of the firm should also be added.

5. When the petition is filed, the case is immediately referred to a Register, who examines the petition and schedules annexed thereto, and if they are correct in form, makes a certificate to that effect, to be filed with the Clerk, then adjudges the debtor a Bankrupt and issues a warrant to the messenger to summon all the creditors named in the petitioner's schedules to meet at the Register's office, at a certain time and place, to prove their claims and elect one or more Assignees to take charge of the Bankrupt's estate.

6. A creditor can, however, prove his claim at any time previous to the last dividend, which will generally be six months subsequent to the adjudication of Bankruptcy.

7. No creditor has any standing in a Bankrupt Court until he proves his claim.

8. Creditors have no right to compel the Bankrupt to answer questions concerning the disposal of property or him acquired subsequent to filing a petition in Bankruptcy. In other words, the date of the filing of the petition by or against a debtor, is the date at which, if adjudication of bankruptcy follows, the old order of things passes away and a new leaf is turned over." On this point decisions have been variant. The safe rule appears to be, that the applicant in Bankruptcy has a perfect right to claim whatever he has made after his application, by his personal exertions, but any profits he may have made from investment or credit, may be liable to the claim of the receiver up to almost the period of his discharge.

9. The Bankrupt can apply to the Court at any time after the expiration of six months, and within one year from the adjudication, for the discharge in bankruptcy, and in case no assets come into the hands of the assignee, or no debts be proved against his estate, at any time after the expiration of sixty days.

10. As soon as an Assignee is elected or appointed, the Judge or Register will convey to him, by deed of assignment, all the bankrupt's property except what is exempted, viz: Household and kitchen furniture and other necessaries not exceeding in value $500; five hundred dollars; also his wearing apparel and that of his wife and children, and such other property not included in the foregoing as to exempt from levy and sale upon execution or other process by the laws of amount not exceeding such allowed by State exemption laws in force in 1864. Some Circular suggests, under this head, that the common impression that persons may become bankrupts and yet be allowed to retain their houses and lands, or other property of considerable value, is a great mistake. Under the Act, no honest Bankrupt in this State can have allotted to him, free from the operation of the Act, exceeding $700, besides the wearing apparel of himself and family. Bankrupts in this State are not entitled to homesteads under this Act.

11. It is the duty of the assignee, within twenty days after the assignment to him is made, to add to the bankrupt such articles as are exempted, and file an inventory of the same with the value of each article so allotted, and creditors may make objections to the report of the Assignee at any time within twenty days after it is filed.

12. As to costs in bankruptcy proceedings, section 46 of the Bankrupt Act provides that the petitioner, before a warrant issues, shall deposit fifty dollars with the Register, or with the Clerk, to be delivered to the Register as a security for his fees. General order XXIX provides that the fees of the register, Marshal and Clerk shall be prepaid or secured before they can be compelled to act. It is also provided by General order XXX, that where the debtor has no means, and can prove the fact to the satisfaction of the Court, upon application an order will be made requiring all the costs in the case to be paid out of the fifty dollars deposited with the Register. If, however, there are assets, but not enough to pay the Messenger after deducting the Bankrupt's exempted property, so that nothing comes into the hands of the Assignee, the fees will have to be paid by the Bankrupt; but if the Assignee receives assets, the fees of the Messenger will be paid by him before any dividend is made among creditors.

13. Some suppose that the Register is entitled to $50 fee. The fees of the Register, Messenger, Clerk, and costs of publication of notices in Bankruptcy, are fixed by law, and if they demand higher fees, they are liable, as in other cases of malfeasance in office. In ordinary cases of Bankruptcy, the fees may amount to $100. In some cases more, in some less—the costs depending on the amount of labor and litigation involved in each case.

14. Differences of opinion among Attorneys have existed in this State, as to the limit which the Act makes as to the time to make application in Bankruptcy. Some have supposed that no debtor will be permitted to apply for Bankruptcy after some early day in March, unless he is able to pay fifty per cent of his debts. We are assured that this is not the case. The law did not go into operation for the purposes for which it was enacted until June 1st, 1867. It gives twelve months from that time, to all honest debtors, whatever may be the extent of their indebtedness which they cannot pay in which to present their applications. After the 1st of June next, every debtor must be able to pay fifty per cent of his indebtedness in order to a successful application in bankruptcy, unless he first obtain the consent of a majority of his creditors.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

We are prepared to deliver, at reduced prices, PURE PERUVIAN GUANO and REESE'S SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO.

Also, best GROUND NOVA SCOTIA PLASTER.

J. R. & P. A. DUNN, Forestville, N. C.

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Mar 21—tf

FOR SALE.

Thirty-two inch Smith's Bellows.

J. BROWN,

Raleigh, Mar 21-tf With Hart & Lewis.

FOR SALE.

Five good Mules, four Wagons and a lot of Harness. Apply to

Mar 30—tf BRIGGS, DODD & CO.

JELLIES, JELLIES! At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CATSUPS AND SAUCES. At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow-Chow and Picalilli, at

Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S

10 CASES CANNED GOODS, At

Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

FRESH CANNED TOMATOES, at 20c. Preserved Ginger, Spices of all kinds, at

Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Arlington Mutual LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF VIRGINIA.

A Virginia and Southern Institution. Its funds are kept in the South. It has met with unprecedented success. Its fortunes are established beyond any contingency.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

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LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't, Lexington, N. C.

Jan 28-146-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS, SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy.*

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

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January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., Chemist, BALTIMORE, Md., (Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer, 29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 31-148-1y

WALTER CLARK, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.

Jan 29-148-6m

JOHN W. HINSDALE, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

July 23-294-tf

APPLES.—A few bbls N. C. Apples

Mar 25—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

IRISH POTATOES.

Another lot of N. C. Potatoes, very fine.

Mar 25—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

DRY GOODS.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS, AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN: SUCH AS PRINTS AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—96-tf

FOR THE PAPER TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.

Aug. 31—21-tf S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS

GARRETT, YOUNG SCOTT. & CO. No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts., NEW YORK.

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co. OF NEW YORK, AND SPENCER, SCOTT & CO., OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

C. W. GARRETT, EBEN YOUNG, SPENCER SCOTT, May 15-1867

A. S SHAFER. A. L SCOTT. F. M. GARRETT.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO., General Commission Merchants, NO. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE, New York.

Sept 28—45-tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WESTBROOK & CO.

WESTBROOK NURSERIES, GREENSBORO, N. C.

KEEP constantly on hand, during the planting season, a splendid lot of

CHOICE FRIUT TREES AND GRAPE VINES

which they offer very low, for cash, or good produce.

NURSERY STORE, on Washington Street, where patrons will receive prompt attention, until the 1st. of April.

Send stamp for Catalogue, and Whole-sale Price List of Grape Vines.

Address, WESTBROOK & CO. Box 66, Greensboro, N. C.

Jan 27-143-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES Ag't N. C. Business Directory.

BRANSON & JONES, SUCCESSORS TO Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders

Jan 29 148 tf BRANSON & JONES, Raleigh, N. C.

CHEESE! CHEESE!

Twenty Boxes prime FACTORY CHEESE just arrived at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

April 8-tf

1868. 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed.

The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of southern Merchants. He is by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Cooking Stoves, Buck's Patent and others of best make and will sell right.

E. H. FOGUE, Hillsboro N. C.

Feb 5-150-tf

Sugars, Sugars.

A LOT OF REFINED SUGARS, in barrels. Just received by

April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address JNO. B. GRETTER, General Agent, Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 31—72-

Snuff, Snuff.

A LARGE supply, in large and small bladders. Also, in papers and bottles, at manufacturer's prices.

Feb 26-150-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA ALL STATE RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great Through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and south, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and south Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $60,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight ROUTE, Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are *required so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignees to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 197, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN, Freight Ag't Raleigh N. C

Aug 6-305-tf

SUPT. OFFICE, N. C. RAILROAD CO., COMPANY SHOPS, N. C., April 1, 1868.

On and after this date the following will be the Schedule for Passenger Trains over this Road:

Leave Charlotte daily	11.36 P. M.
" Salisbury	2.07 A. M.
" Greensboro'	5.05 A. M.
" Raleigh	9.41 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro'	12.25 P. M.
Leave Goldsboro'	12.30 P. M.
" Raleigh	3.20 P. M.
" Greensboro'	7.17 P. M.
" Salisbury	9.36 P. M.
Arrive at Charlotte	11.35 P. M.

Through passengers by this line have choice of routes via Greensboro' and Danville to Richmond, or via Raleigh and Weldon to Richmond or Portsmouth, arriving at all points North of Richmond at the same time by either route.

Connection is made at Goldsboro' [illegible] Freight trains. Also to Newbern on A. & N. C. Road.

Freight trains will leave Charlotte at 9 A. M., and arrive at 6.30 P. M.

April 4-tf JAMES ANDERSON, Supt.

HARDWARE &C.

BRIGGS & DODD, DEALERS IN HARDWARE AND CUTLERY, IRON, STEEL, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, CARRIAGE MATERIAL, PAINTS, VARNISHES, COLORS, OILS, GLUE AND GLASS

ALSO

Agents for the sale of Burr and Esopus Mill Stones, Belting Cloth, India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*

Nov. 7-79-tf

HENRY GWYNN, of Baltimore. | S. S. COTTEN, Late of N. C. | WALTER GWYNN, JR. Late of S. Carolina.

GWYNN, COTTEN & CO., COTTON FACTORS AND General Commission Merchants, 105 *West Lombard Street*, BALTIMORE.

☞ Liberal advances made on Consignments. Orders for GENERAL MERCHANDIZE solicited. Refer to Gen. Walter Gwynn, and Hon. Thos. Ruffin, N. C.

sept 30-45-codtm&wtm

ON HAND.

Glass Goblets, Tumblers and Wine-Glasses.

J. BROWN, Raleigh, Mar 19—tf With Hart & Lewis.

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF MARYLAND HAMS, At

M r 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

For Sale.

DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO in 3 lb. Bags.

Mar 16—tf W. H. JONES & CO. Auction & Com Merchants.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

SPRING TRADE, 1868.

No. 44 Fayetteville Street.

Tools, Locks, Hinges, Screws, Finishing Brads, Hames, Trace Chains, Weeding Hoes.

J. BROWN, Raleigh, March 19—tf With Hart & Lewis.

STAVES WANTED.

We will contract for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES on arrival,

500,000 Red Oak Hhd. Staves,	Norfolk Inspection.
300,000 White Oak Hhd "	
100,000 White Oak " Heading,	
75,000 White Oak Pipe Staves,	
50,000 White Oak Bbl "	

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The cut Oaks, from September to January next.

Dimensions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to

CHARLES REID & SON, Norfolk, Va.

Mar 19—tf

FRESH GARDEN SEED.

WE ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF OUR SUPply of GARDEN SEED for 1868, grown in 1867, all of which we warrant of the best kinds.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH, Booksellers, Raleigh, N. C.

Feb. 17-102-tf

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$ 1 00
Six months	1 50
One year	3 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4 00
" " " six months	2 00
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2 00
" " six months	1 00

THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

TUESDAY, APRIL 28, 1868

HOW IT WAS DONE.

There are various causes, sufficiently potent, of themselves, to have carried the late election in favor of the Radicals in this State, under ordinary circumstances, notwithstanding the very extraordinary efforts made by the Conservatives. With a Constitution less vulnerable and offensive, the attempt to defeat them would have been simply Quixotic.

The great *lever* of the Radicals was the Union Leagues, which embraced a large portion of the colored population, with a considerable number of white men in the State, who had been induced to join them under false pretences, and who had bound themselves by a solemn oath, which many believed perpetual, and from which they could not relieve themselves. This oath obliged them to render obedience to the mandates of the Order, and was supposed, by many of them, simply to mean eternal fidelity to the Union of the States.

Added to this, every effort was made, not merely by oral and published addresses, but more efficiently by private appliances, to convince the white people, who were known to sympathise with the idea of restoration to the Union, especially, that the new Constitution did not bear the construction put upon it by the Conservatives.—This proved a very damaging trick against us.

Money, which, in times like these, when the great body of the people are in a condition so needy, was a most potent weapon employed by the Radicals. The Northern bond-holders were ready to pour out money without stint, and every means was employed to spend it freely, where it could effect the object.

We have no question that extensive frauds have been practised in the election. It was impossible to prevent or detect these, under a system which rendered fraud so easy. Numberless instances of fraud can easily be brought out, and many no doubt *will*, but, while these discoveries may lead to the advantage of the Conservatives in particular localities, we have no idea that evidences of fraud can be brought in sufficient numbers to affect seriously the general result.

It is, however, of the greatest importance to the Conservative cause, that our people should look *the real cause* of our defeat full [illegible] ourselves, to [illegible] us, in this matter. It is best to understand the real character of the disease, in order to cure it. *The defeat of the Conservatives in the late election is not chargeable to the blacks.* It was looked for, that the black vote of the State would be cast against us, and but little effort was made to prevent it, except, perhaps, at a few points. With a registered white majority in the State of nearly 40,000, the defeat of the Conservatives is chargeable, of course, to the *white men of the State.* But it must not be taken for granted that every white man, who voted for the ratification of the new Constitution, believed in the justice or propriety or soundness of the Constitution. Every man of sense, and with the ordinary feelings of a white man, must abhor the doctrines of that Constitution—must feel that it is a degradation and an insult to the white race. Many voted for it as a man submits to be tapped for dropsy, when he knows that the tapping may kill, while it may *possibly* cure him,—because he has arrived at that point when he feels forced to take the risk. In the old strong Union counties, especially, there were many of this class.

We have been satisfied, from the moment that Congress determined to force upon the South the reconstruction acts, that there were thousands of timid white men in the State, who could be induced to accept them or worse, *as a means of settlement.* So many of this class have been so worried and alarmed by threats of confiscation and other dangers, and have been so persuaded that nothing would save them from starvation and utter ruin, but restoration to the Union, that we have not doubted that they would blindly submit to anything, rather than risk that starvation and ruin, which they were taught to believe would be the consequence of remaining out of the Union.

Such persons have proven the force of the declaration of the devil, in reference to Job, "All that a man hath will he give for his life." To our mind, however, there are some things "dearer than life." Life is a poor boon, without honor and a consciousness of rectitude. Hence we opposed a Constitution and a party, which seek to degrade and dishonor us and our children.—And hence we shall leave untried no lawful and proper means to undo, as soon and as effectually as possible, the great mischief which has been wrought.

HOW MUCH?

We continue to incorporate into our tabular statement such returns as are reported to be official. We refer the reader to that table. It will be seen, that, in every county, there are considerable Conservative gains over the election in November, but the proportion is not sufficient to overcome the Radical majority in that election. We still incline to the opinion that the majority in favor of the detestable Constitution will not be large.

As soon as we can obtain the necessary information, we will publish a list of the members elect to the Legislature. As far as is positively known, thirty-one Conservatives have been elected to the House of Representatives and eleven to the Senate.

THE NEW REGIME.

If the infamous Constitution is ratified by Congress, and *if* the disabilities are removed from the old "rebel" sinners who are on the successful ticket, the question arises, what then?

The new Constitution provides that the Governor and other State officers elect shall enter upon the discharge of their several functions ten days after its approval by Congress, and that their respective terms of office shall be four years from and after January 1, 1868. The tenure of Judges, it is known, is eight years.

The Legislature, just elected, is ordered, by the new Constitution, to meet on the fifteenth day after its acceptance by Congress, unless it should fall on Sunday; if so, then on the sixteenth day.

We presume that, as soon as the Impeachment question is disposed of, the Congress will at once take under advisement the new Constitutions just adopted by the Southern States,—Arkansas, Louisiana, South Carolina, North Carolina, and, possibly, Georgia, (though the result in the last named State has not been fully ascertained,) —and then we shall see what disposition is to be made of them.

If Congress accepts the Constitution, the Legislature, upon its assembling, must ratify the Howard Amendment, and then United States Senators who may be elected, and the members of the lower House already elected, will be permitted to take their seats, upon taking the iron-clad test oath.

The important questions remain: "Will Congress approve?" and "Will disabilities be removed?"

CASWELL.

"This is the banner County. With a registered negro majority of nearly 700, Caswell has given a majority of 23 against the odious Constitution, and has elected the full Conservative ticket, as follows: Hon. Bedford Brown, for the Senate; William Long and P. Hodnett, for the House of Representatives; Jesse C. Griffith, Sheriff, and Henry F. Brandon, Superior Court Clerk. Old "Carey" goes down to "the archives of gravity!" Caswell has indeed done nobly, and the colored people of that County, who have voted with their white friends, will find that their truest and best interests have been subserved.

Only six white men in the county voted the scallawag ticket. Three times three for Caswell!

MECKLENBURG.

Few, if any, counties in the State have done more gloriously than the birth-place of American liberty. The white men of that county *worked*, as it behooved men to work, whose all is at stake. In Charlotte, the merchants *closed their stores* in order that they and their employees might labor in the cause of good government. Long may these merchants flourish! Well done, every way, noble old Mecklenburg!

[illegible] of corruption and mischief, the Union Leagues, may be inferred from one circumstance which has come to our knowledge. In a certain County in this State, an old man, who was well nigh-beaten to death and robbed by some soldiers of a negro regiment, in 1865, with the connivance, if not by the order, of its Colonel, *voted for that same Colonel for the Legislature of this State*, on the ground that he belonged to the League and *was afraid to do otherwise!*—There are hundreds of just such poor, timid craven men in the State, and not a few just such impudent adventurers as this Yankee Colonel, who, after having acted in such a way, now impertinently thrust themselves forward for office and place.

From the Goldsboro Rough Notes.

The excitement of the long election has subsided into a still calm, and the gentlemen of the State will faithfully abide the result. Whether victorious or vanquished, the intelligent white men of North Carolina will still be and remain the party of Law and Order.

The few black men among us, all over the State, who have remained true to their old friends, must not be forgotten. Let a list of their names be procured for publication.

The mean white men and cowards who refused to register, or having registered refused to vote, or who voted against the old Constitution of North Carolina, ought not to be allowed the glorious privilege of herding with their fellows.

No law that we know of—no law that we have read of, no custom, ancient or modern, no despotism, no democracy, ever prevented a man from choosing his own company, or his own servants.

Man has learned to know himself only when he has learned to serve himself.—Self reliance is a virtue that all must cultivate. Self denial is no less a moral than a Christian duty—but this is not our subject.

There is no need for homoletic prolixity. If Conservatives are still masters of their own empty purses and their own outraged feelings, let them show themselves such.

They can select their own merchants, their own servants, as they can their own horses and their own cows! Will they do it? Have they the manly courage to employ none but genuine patriots, without regard to race, color or former condition?

Have they the noble independence, neither to buy from, nor sell to, those who are willing to bend the supple hinges of the knee, that thrift may follow fawning?

FRAUD.

We understand that every species of fraud has been resorted to in many Counties adjacent to here.

Particularly was this the case with Pitt, where all the Poll-holders were Yankees and negroes, who refused any Conservative challenge s to be present.

At Greenville they were seen to throw Conservative tickets away. A body of negro soldiers had been brought there for the protection of Laflin, Rich and others.

The management of Polls at this place was conducted in the fairest manner.—*Tarboro' Southerner.*

BRUNSWICK.—This glorious little county has done her full duty. With a small registered majority of blacks it has given about twenty Conservative majority. The result is highly complimentary to her citizens and reflects the greatest credit upon Col. Taylor and Maj. Allen, and the other candidates of the party in that county.—*Wil. Journal.*

SOLDIERS IN CASWELL.

We are gratified to learn that Col. Bonford has taken prompt action in relation to Rebel disorders in Caswell County. Col. Drake, an accomplished loyal officer, has been sent with troops to that county, to see to it that the elections are free; and we learn also that an order has been issued to arrest one James Poteet, a landholder, for turning off his hands because they avowed it to be their purpose to vote the Republican ticket. All we ask is a *free election.* We seek no undue advantage for the Republican party, but at the same time we ask that the Rebels get no undue advantage.

We learn that a considerable number of troops have been sent along the line of the Central Road. This will have a fine effect in composing the public mind and insuring a free election.—*Raleigh Standard.*

We have heard nothing of the arrest of Mr. James Poteat.—

As soon as the soldiers arrived, the negroes all flocked around them, but the soldiers told them they did not come for their special protection, but for the protection of all parties.

The soldiers then reported themselves to the Sheriff and told him they were sent to obey his orders. We understand that they did not make their appearance on the Court green at all, but stayed in their quarters ready for action in case they were called upon.

But as no body seemed disposed to hurt Stephens, who went down to Raleigh twice to have a guard sent up to protect his precious body, the troops were not called upon.—*Danville (Va.) Times.*

THE SOUTHERN WHITES ON THE PRESIDENTIAL QUESTION.—The splendid fight made by the Conservatives of Georgia in the election which closed yesterday, and the prospect of their having carried the State by a decided majority, together with the vigorous contest now going on in North Carolina, indicate that in the largest and most important of the Southern States the whites are not disposed to tamely submit to negro supremacy. This being an evident fact, the position of the whites in those States on the Presidential question becomes of importance, because they may actually hold the balance of power between the two great political parties of the North. Supposing that (and it is a very likely supposition) Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Texas and Arkansas can be controlled by the white Conservatives, there will then be thirty nine electoral votes to begin with—no unimportant element of strength to any party in a closely contested election. And, besides, it is not at all improbable that with but one day to poll the votes the whites of Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, and, perhaps, Mississippi, with their superior political skill, can keep a sufficient number of negroes away from the polls to ensure the success of the Conservative ticket in those States. In such an event the number of Conservative electoral votes from the South would be increased to sixty-three, leaving but seven votes from South Carolina as the gross results of radical reconstruction.

Believing in the very great probability of the Radicals being badly whipped in the Southern States, we will now take a glance at the Southern Presidential candidates—that is, of the men who are most popular with the Southern whites as candidates for the Presidency. We have heard so much from the Radicals and their newspaper organs of Southern disloyalty that we must confess to having had serious ideas of a copperhead being the first, last and only choice of the ex rebels for the first office in the gift of the people. It may not be gratifying to the supporters of Congress to [illegible] even reduction, unmesh as slightly as he is with copperheadism, is the least popular in the South of all the prospective candidates of the Conservatives; and if we were not aware of the cause we would be surprised at the equal fact that the most popular name in that section of the Union is that worn by one of the ablest Union Generals of our recent war. Indeed, the popularity of General Hancock in the South approximates to positive enthusiasm. The noble and generous conduct of the General while in command of the Fifth Military District no doubt endeared him to the Southern people, who, ground down as they had been by former commanders, were touched by his magnanimity to a fallen foe and by his rigid and unswerving respect for civil and constitutional authority. Now, no one—not even the most prejudiced radical—would dare charge General Hancock with being a copperhead or a sympathizer with treason. As a consequence, then, the fact of his popularity in the South is a most complete vindication of the Southern whites from the charge of being disaffected towards the government of the United States, and with being ready, at the first opportunity, to engage in another rebellion.—*N. Y. Herald.*

THE RESULT.

The ratification of the Constitution recently submitted to the male inhabitants of North Carolina, supposed to be over twenty-one years of age, is, to our mind, an accomplished fact. The *loyal voters* of the State have rejected the taint by an overwhelming majority; but the addition of seventy-five thousand illegal ballots to the white minority has formed a combination too powerful to be overcome.

It was within the power of the white men of North Carolina to have voted down the Constitution by a majority of thirty thousand; but they have preferred to give up their lives and their liberties into unworthy hands, and they must abide the consequences.

The white men of the East have, with few exceptions, nobly performed their duty; but the white men of the West have deserted us in the hour of need, and sold their birth right for a mess of Cape Cod pottage.

The true men; the true women; and even the little children, weep over the fate of their mother. Her cup of humiliation is full to overflowing. Her old Constitution, framed by the men of better days, has been supplanted by the patchwork of Northern politicians, and the government of her internal affairs passes under alien control.

This is bad enough of itself; but when we think of the baseness of those white men—native North Carolinians—who have thus betrayed us, it is enough to make us regret that we belong to the Anglo Saxon race.

But North Carolinians have been defeated before. It is true that the humiliation of the surrender at Appomattox Court House pales into insignificance when compared with that of the present hour; but we must not despair. Fortitude must now be the watchword. We of the East have the proud consciousness of having done all that human effort could honorably accomplish; and, while we weep over the dead, let us remember that we owe a duty to the living that cannot be neglected.—*Wilmington Star.*

DISCRIMINATING RADICALS.—By the returns from Wilmington we notice that W. W. Holden and S. S. Ashley ran behind their ticket a few votes. Well, if there could be any discrimination among the set, we must confess to an admiration of the taste exhibited by these recusant voters.—Possibly as much good taste has been shown in regard to Russell, but we have not seen the returns for the Judicial election as yet. Men who refuse to vote for Holden and Ashley are not entirely beyond hope—at least have some idea of decency left.—*Wil. Journal.*

TABULAR STATEMENT.

Election Districts.	Average Repub'cn Vote.	Average Conserv. Vote.	For Constitution.	Against Constitution.	Repub. Gain.	Conserv. Gain.
Burke and McDowell,	1,284	430	....	....	....	....
Polk and Rutherford,	1,422	81	....	....	....	....
Mitchell and Yancey,	652	225	....	....	....	....
Buncombe, Madison, Henderson and Transylvania.	2,300	695	....	....	....	....
Jackson and Haywood.	663	537	....	....	....	....
Cherokee, Clay, and Macon,	699	374	....	....	....	....
Alleghany, Ashe, Surry, Yadkin and Watauga,	1,900	955	....	....	....	....
Alexander, Caldwell, Iredell and Wilkes,	3,088	1,490	....	....	....	....
Rowan and Davie,	1,524	1,121	....	maj. 717	....	1,120
Cleaveland,	630	653	....	....	....	....
Catawba,	426	638	399	1,058	....	447
Lincoln,	573	386	....	....	....	....
Gaston,	735	159	....	....	....	....
Mecklenburg,	1,473	918	1,705	1,925	....	775
Union,	873	349	....	....	....	....
Cabarrus,	859	463	....	....	....	....
Stanly,	417	278	....	....	....	....
Anson,	1,119	653	....	....	....	....
Stokes,	526	114	....	....	....	....
Forsythe	892	175	....	....	....	....
Davidson,	906	238	....	....	....	....
Randolph,	1,177	362	....	....	....	....
Guilford,	1,239	1,116	....	....	....	....
Rockingham,	748	234	....	....	....	....
Caswell,	1 111	334	....	maj. 23	....	800
Alamance,	789	643	....	....	....	....
Person,	692	788	....	....	....	....
Orange,	1,117	1,241	....	....	....	....
Chatham,	1,734	594	....	....	....	....
Wake,	2,961	1,813	2,336	2,386	....	192
Granville,	2,496	854	....	....	....	....
Warren,	1,983	579	2,227	945	....	129
Franklin,	1,369	799	....	....	....	....
Cumberland,	1,594	844	....	....	....	....
Harnett,	729	308	....	....	....	....
Moore,	633	537	....	....	....	....
Montgomery,	479	267	....	....	....	....
Richmond,	1,344	189	....	....	....	....
Wayne,	1,301	826	maj. 213	....	....	262
Johnston,	1,083	826	....	....	....	....
Greene,	739	346	....	....	....	....
Wilson,	668	385	....	....	....	....
Nash,	708	455	....	....	....	....
Halifax,	2,551	546	....	....	....	....
Northampton,	1,473	654	....	....	....	....
Edgecombe,	1,628	360	....	....	....	....
Lenoir,	1,191	363	....	....	....	....
Brunswick,	897	474	....	....	....	....
Columbus,	468	584	....	maj. 373	....	257
Robeson,	1,568	1,042	....	....	....	....
Bladen,	1,112	575	maj. 205	....	....	332
New Hanover,	2,919	1,091	3,568	2,235	....	495
Duplin,	1,006	967	....	maj. 478	....	526
Sampson,	928	863	....	....	....	....
Tyrrell and Washington	774	556	....	....	....	....
Martin,	787	570	....	....	....	....
Bertie,	1,094	119	....	....	....	....
Hertford,	507	515	....	....	....	....
Gates,	440	342	....	maj. 231	....	329
Chowan,	632	472	701	457	81	....
Perquimans,	851	602	....	....	....	....
Pasquotank & Camden,	1,265	578	....	....	....	....
Craven,	3,209	506	3,401	1,460	....	759
Onslow,	224	514	....	....	....	....
Carteret,	809	650	....	....	....	....
Jones,	530	305	maj. 148	....	....	77
Beaufort,	849	632	....	....	....	....
Pitt,	1428	1,039	....	....	....	....
Hyde.	563	429	....	....	....	....
	78,999	39,994				

For the sake of reference and comparison, we adopt the foregoing estimate prepared by the *Standard*, of this City, without having an opportunity to test its entire accuracy. It is based upon the election for delegates to the Convention, in November.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUCTION.

THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, we will sell at our Store, on Fayetteville St., a lot of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS, LADIES' SHOES,
DRESS GOODS,
BROAD CLOTH,
TRICOT CLOTH,

and a variety of articles.
Terms cash. Sale positive
W. H. JONES & CO.
April 28-tf Auctioneers.

$50 Reward.

STOLEN FROM ME, near the Granville and Person line, on the night of the 24th April, one BAY MARE, 8 years old, right hind foot white above the ankle, small white star in the forehead; badly crest-fallen. Also a round ring extending on each side of her withers, where she was burnt for a fistula.

I will give $25 reward for the mare, or $50 for the mare and rogue. Any information thankfully received. Address me at Oxford, N. C., care of Mr. Jas. Hunt.
April 28-tf AMOS ADCOCK.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!
200 Sacks, }
100 Bbls. N. C. Family, low for cash.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
April 27-tf Com. Merchants,

HAMS.
Virginia and N. C. Hams, very choice.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
April 27-tf Com. Merchants.

Another Soda Fountain,
Very Cheap for cash
W. H JONES & CO.,
April 27-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

N. C. Canned Fruit.
Very Superior Peaches and Damsons.
W. H. JONES & Co.,
April 27 Auction & Com. Merchants,

THE THREE ESSENTIALS OF LIFE ARE
CLOTHING FOOD AND FUEL:
R. B. ANDREWS & CO.
CAN SUPPLY THE
CLOTHING!!

WE HAVE MANUFACTURED, THIS SEASON, one of the best and cheapest Stocks that we have had the pleasure of exhibiting to the public since the war.

The prices we are asking for Clothing, beautifully made up, reminds us of old times, sure enough.

Mr. ANDREWS can confidently state to his friends and customers, that no firm in this City can sell the same class of goods as cheap.

His partners in New York are large cash buyers for their Southern houses and are daily in the market picking up bargains.

These advantages the citizens of Raleigh and strangers have, by buying their Clothing and Furnishing Goods from
R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,
Opposite Tucker Hall,
April 23-tf Raleigh, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED.
A beautiful assortment of
HATS FOR MEN,
HATS FOR MEN,
HATS FOR CHILDREN,
At R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.
April 23-tf

SOLE LEATHER,
TRUNKS, VALISES,
LEATHER AND MOROCCO
TRAVELING BAGS,
For Ladies and Gentlemen, at
April 23-tf R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

CORN, CORN, CORN.
A large supply on hand and arriving.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
April 27-tf Com. Merchants,

LIFE INSURANCE.

TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF THE CONDITION OF THE
Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
January 31st, 1868.

Balance per statement Jan. 31, 1867,		$13,826,839 94
Deduct accrued Interest last Annual statement,		376,514,60
		13,450,325,34
Income from Premiums	$6,284,695.17	
Income from Interest received and accrued,	1,346 191 72	
	$7,630,886 89	
Deduct, paid Medical Examinations, Salaries Stationery, Printing, Advertising,	$ 121 750.90	
Commissions to Agents,	733,082 25	
Taxes	88,572 85	
Surplus premiums returned to assured.	656,916.00	
For surrendered policies,	227 660.25	
Losses,	1,193 367 68	
	3,021,949.94	4,508,936.95
		$17 959 262.29
Increased value of Bonds and Stocks over cost,		189,359.45
Balance 31st January, 1868,		$18,148 621,74

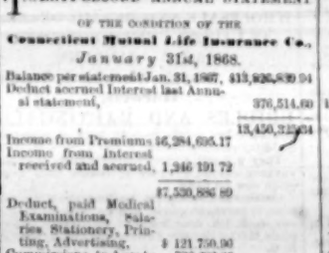
ASSETS.

Cash deposited	$430,231.13
Real Estate at Cost,	152,198 16
Loans on Bonds and Mortgage of Real Estate,	
United States Securities at Market value	5 341,487.25
	2,686,440 00
Bonds of the State of Connecticut,	1,018 000.00
Bonds of the Cities of Evansville and Toledo	35 000.00
Bank and Railroad Stocks,	93,220.00
Loans on Stocks and Bonds	190,795 00
Premium Notes,	7,642 454.67
Premiums in the hands of Agents and in transit	367,935.73
Interest accrued,	322,691.50
	$18,148,621.74

W. S. OLMSTED, Secretary.

Interest received more than pays losses.
Dividends average over 50 per cent.
All policies non-forfeitable for a stated amount.
Assurance can be effected in all forms desired.
S. D. WAIT, General Ag't.,
April 9-tf Raleigh, N. C.

GULLET COTTON GIN!
Warranted to give entire satisfaction.



Does not cut Staple. Cotton brings from one to one-and-a-half cents more in the pound than that ginned by other gins.
Call and see it at
Apr. 16-tf G T & W C STRONACH'S.

JOHN OSLEY, JR., Augusta, Ga. R. E. WILSON, N. Carolina.
OSLEY & WILSON,
General Commission Merchants,
AND AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF
MANUFACTURED TOBACCO.
209 Broad Street,
AUGUSTA, GA.
REFERENCES.
Hon. A. M. SCALES, Rockingham Co., N. C.
E. NYE HUTCHINSON & CO., Salisbury, N. C.
JOHN HUGHES, Pres. 1st Nat. Bank, Newbern, N. C.
J. A. BITTING, Yadkin Co., N. C.
S. McD. TATE, Pres. Western N. C. Railroad, Morganton, N. C.
April 24-1m

LIFE INSURANCE.

ITS IMPORTANCE AND ITS BENEFITS ARE INCALCULABLE.

A COMPANY PAYING LOSSES PROMPTLY FOR A LONG SERIES OF YEARS, AND IS A stranger to litigation, is entitled to the confidence and patronage of our people. And such is the

ÆTNA LIFE COMPANY.

In addition to the very large amount of

$17,485,894.71

paid since its organization, may be added the following policies settled in North Carolina to the 1st March, 1868, thus providing support and comfort to the widow and orphan in their bereavement and distress:

Policy No. 15,275	—settled	$ 5,000
" " 18,058	"	5,000
" " 18,697	"	5,000
" " 24,092	"	5,000
" " 27,512	"	10,000
" " 28,650	"	5,000
" " 4,974	"	2,500
" " 35,092	"	10,000
Total		$ 45,500.00

The value of all Insurance, either against fire or life, is to know you are investing in a Company of responsibility, and prompt action in discharging all just demands against it. Such is the ÆTNA, having now:

ASSETS, $8,000,000.

No. POLICIES 48,000

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51.

DIVIDENDS, 50 per cent.

Fifty per cent Dividend is now being returned to all who have paid two premiums, and the Dividends will be given ANNUALLY to all such hereafter, who are insured upon the Life plan.

The Ætna issues policies upon ages from 14 to 65.

The Ætna will give a policy upon which 10 payments may be paid, and nothing more will be required, though the party might live thirty or forty years, and after the payment of ten years he is entitled to the dividends of the Company so long as life continues.

The Ætna issues 10 years Endowment Policies to be paid at death or the specified time.

The Ætna gives a general permit to travel or reside in any part of the United States without any extra charge, and in all respects gives as many advantages to the insured as any other first-class Company.

W. H. McKEE, M. D., Examining Physician. W. H. CLARK, General Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Mar 24-3m

PHŒNIX MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. It will NOT ISSUE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured, which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. It has NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

Phœnix Mutual	$1 74
Ætna	1 31
Brooklyn	1 12
Connecticut Mutual	1 05
Equitable	1 24
Manhattan	1 02

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.
These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.
Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.
For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to
WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS. LIFE AND ENDOWMENT.

DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year.

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.
WM. M. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.
Information gladly furnished in detail, by
A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., March 23—1868-3m

BOARDING HOUSE,
NEWBERN, N. C.
MRS. S. J. CARROWAY has opened a BOARDING HOUSE, for the accommodation of her friends and the public, at the Cole House, on Pollock Street Newbern, a few steps West of the Railroad, where she is prepared to furnish excellent accommodation to ladies and gentlemen, who may favor her with a call. Terms moderate.
April 2-1m

Fresh Lobsters and Salmon, Tomatoes, Catsup, Nutmegs, &c.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
April 27-tf Auction & Com. Merchants,

A Consignement of Superior Black Writing Ink, very cheap.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
April 27-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

ELWELL'S WEEDING HOES, Nos. 2 and 3, For sale low.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, April 24-tf With Hart & Lewis.

Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina.
THE Annual Meeting of the Board of Medical Examiners will take place in Morganton, on the 4th day of May, 1868.
By order of the President,
THOMAS F. WOOD,
April 17-1m Secretary.

Meal.
PRIME WHITE MEAL. 100 BUSHELS. For sale at $1,50 by
April 24-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

NORTHERN APPLES.
Five barrels Apples, (very nice) to-day received by
April 24 DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn, Corn.
1,000 BUSHELS At
April 21-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 12 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	8,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they want to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

TUESDAY, APRIL 28, 1868.

THE SENTINEL.

The *Sentinel* is the only *Daily* now in Raleigh. It is the only paper that gives the telegraphic news, and every effort will be made to make it a necessary adjunct to every man of business.

The *Semi-Weekly Sentinel* contains a large amount of reading matter, and, on the day of its publication, the inside matter is the same as that of the *Daily* of the same date.

The *Weekly Sentinel* is now one of the largest and best weekly newspapers in the State. At $2 a year, it is as cheap as any one can ask.

The next, of the next six months especially, will be highly interesting and important, and the people, who can afford to take a newspaper, should take one at the Capitol of the State, besides their own local papers.

AUCTION.—We call attention to the announcement, by W. H Jones & Co., of an attractive Auction sale this evening, of Ready Made Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Dress Goods, &c., &c. The sale will be positive.

MAYOR'S COURT.—Jim Beckwith, negro, charged with stealing poultry from Rufus H. Page, was returned to the County Court.

Logan Jones, negro, charged with stealing a lot of Sugar, Tobacco and Soap from A. Kline, was returned to the Superior Court.

TAXES!—Tax Payers in Raleigh Districts, Nos. 1 and 2, will bear in mind that this is the last week for listing. Those failing to list, the present week, will be subject to a double tax. Call at the Court-House.

HORSE THIEF ARRESTED.—A questionable character, having in his possession a mare suspected of being stolen, was arrested in this city, on Sunday, by officer J. Sid Bryan. The animal is now in possession of Mr. Bryan, who awaits proofs of ownership.

The man claims to reside in Leaksville, Rockingham county. He gives his name as Davis, but has an *alias*, and perhaps several of them. He is about six feet in height, with auburn hair and grey eyes, weighs about 185, and is, apparently, between the ages of 22 and 25.

The mare is black, about 14½ hands high, in good condition, and between 9 and 11 years old; has some saddle-marks on the right side and white marks on the left hind fetlock; is a fine-blooded animal.

ANOTHER ROW.—We learn that one or two negroes sought a difficulty with some white men on Fayetteville Street, on yesterday, and that it became necessary to send for the military to put a stop to their insolence and threats. These things are growing daily—the fruits of Radical "equality." They will become worse, we fear, as its infamous and incendiary teachings are more and more developed.

HYDE—OSSLOW.—Both of these Counties are reported to have gone against the scallawag Constitution and elected Conservative members of the Legislature. If so, this increases the number of Conservative members of the lower House, thus far known to be chosen, to 33.

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

The Congressional delegation from the State stands as follows, as far as known:

1st.	District—J. R. French,	(Yankee rad.)
2nd.	" —David Heaton,	" "
3rd.	" —O. H. Dockery,	(native rad.)
4th.	" —J T Deweese,	(Yankee rad.)
5th.	" —Israel G. Lash,	(native rad.)
6th.	" —Hon Nat. Boyden,	(Conser.)

Mr. Lash is the only native Rad who can take the test oath.

PLANT CORN AND COTTON.—The season, so far, has been unpropitious for the coming crop. Many have not completed their corn planting. Planters, generally, are just beginning to seed the cotton crop. A moderate crop of cotton only, with a full crop of corn, will remunerate the planter more surely than a full cotton crop. Every one may rely upon good prices, if they will take care to put in corn and cotton,—making the corn crop full.

COLORED CONSERVATIVES.—We have among us a number of respectable colored men who voted the Conservative ticket and against the Constitution. These men are entitled to great consideration at the hands of the white people. They should be preferred on all occasions, when their services are needed, to those who voted against us. They have had the penetration to see that the Conservatives are their only true friends, and have had the independence to act upon their convictions as freemen, and their acts can never be forgotten. We intend, for ourselves, to patronize those mechanics and laborers among them who stood by the interests of the white race, and the best interest of both races. Such, we hope, will be the course of all. We would not deny to any the right to vote as they please, but we would always give the preference to those who vote with us.—*Salisbury Old North State.*

SOME OF THE FRAUDS.

——The Register for Town Creek precinct, in Brunswick, during the recent registration, advertised to open the books on the 7th. instant. This was done, but, to his shame, be it said, one Morrill, candidate for the House of Commons and Chairman of the Board, opened the books at his own house on the 4th, there being no other Registrar present, and there registered about 70 names; and after the books were closed at Town Creek on the 12th., he registered others at his residence, in the presence of another member of the Board.

These facts we learn from the Wilmington *Journal*.

——The *Star* states that at a precinct in Cumberland the Conservative challengers were driven from the polls, and that one of the Radical candidates was a poll holder.

—— A correspondent of the *Journal*, writing from Red Banks, Robeson County, says:

"I send you by this day's mail the result of the votes cast at this precinct, as counted out and handed to me from one of the members of the Board; also send you the Republican ticket voted, for your inspection. You will see one name erased and another added; the one added was Register, and acted with the other three poll holders yesterday, and when the polls were closed, I asked them to give me the number of Conservative votes cast; one of them counted them and said there was 77, to which I replied that I knew there was more than that; they then concluded to seal up the box and carry it away with them. I enquired if they did not intend to count the votes out in the usual old fashioned way, when the *Registrar* said if they could get a room where they could lock themselves up, they would count them out. After some parleying, he consented to have them counted in the light, and the result was, that six times there were from two to four tickets neatly rolled together, and one of the poll-holders said he folded them up that way to get them into the box, but when a roll of six came out, he said he be *durned* if he rolled them up that way! There were fourteen tickets more in the box than there were names on the book, after counting in the first six doublets, which they said they would throw out.

I was present when the election was opened, and neither of the poll-holders were sworn in; there was no Magistrate to administer an oath, as in former times. I give you as near the language used as it was given; you can correct it yourselves, and you are at liberty to use my name if required to do so."

—— A correspondent, writing from Edenton, says:

"Chowan gives about 250 majority for the Constitution, owing to a large number of negroes at the fisheries voting on affidavit, and the rascality of the poll-keepers. Lt. Dodge, of the F. B., was very active in voting every negro on affidavit. When they were challenged, and the question asked who were to be the judges of their right to vote, as a protest would be forwarded to Gen. Canby, he remarked that they voted *by his authority*.

It is generally believed that the boxes were tampered with last night.

The registration book was changed, on the day of election, and men who had been in the State only a short time, allowed to vote.

French came here last Monday evening, and brought a squad of negro soldiers, who, in a little while, drove the family of one of our citizens in the street, insulted others, attacked and cut a Conservative negro, (formerly a U. S. Soldier,) and cursed the Sheriff, and behaved in a most disorderly manner generally. French says he brought them to protect him.

As soon as possible we will forward a protest to Gen. Canby, and make full report of the manner in which the election was conducted."

—— A correspondent, writing us from Pittsboro', says:

"The election is over and the die is cast! If the vote of this County is an index, then farewell to every vestige of civil liberty in the Old North State! Chatham, with a large majority of whites, has gone Radical by at least three hundred. The white-livered league men have stood up *en masse* for the ticket, while numbers of the blacks voted Conservative. But what chance had we here, (and I fear it is so all over the State,) when the box containing the votes was carried off by a Yankee, and another, worse than a Yankee, fastened by a lock which could be opened by any key almost you can pick up? Our candidate for Treasurer, H. A. London, we know, had at least forty votes above the vote of Thomas Ashe, and yet he is but two ahead, according to the count. How can this be accounted for, if fair play was shown? The fact is, we believe that somebody opened the box and purloined as many tickets as he wished, and replaced them by red flags. The whole affair was a perfect piece of rascality, I fear, all over the State, and, if so, then farewell to every prospect of liberty in our good old Commonwealth."

ELECTION FRAUDS IN ARKANSAS.—The registration in Pulaski County, Arkansas, stood thus:

Negroes	2,402
Whites	1,404
Total	3,806

At the recent election the vote was recorded as follows:

For the Constitution	4,937
Against the Constitution	987
Majority for the Constitution	3,924

It will be seen by this table that the majority for the Constitution is actually greater than the combined registration of whites and blacks.

General Gillem, says an exchange, has promised to investigate and punish fraud, but while he puts his hands in his pocket and glances wonderingly at this Pulaski outrage, the "trooly loil" are organizing a Legislature and electing Senators to Congress.

THE ARKANSAS CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION.

A portion of the Arkansas delegation elected for the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in connection with the new Constitution, arrived in this city to-day. The Senators elect, B. F. Rice and Alex. McDonald, and L. H. Roots, member elect for the First District, are here. James Hinds, of the Second, and Thomas Bales, of the Third district, will follow in a few days. It is proposed by the delegation at the first opportunity—probably not until after the completion of the impeachment trial—to formally present the new Constitution to Congress. Each member of the delegation has in his possession a certified copy of that instrument furnished him by the provisional authorities of Arkansas. It is understood that the Conservatives of the semi reconstructed State are making an effort to nullify the election upon charges of fraud. The official returns of the election from General Alvin C. Gillem have not yet reached Gen. Grant's headquarters.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Herald.*

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

THE ABYSSINIAN WAR.

LONDON, April 27, M.

Napier defeated King Theodorus on Good Friday. On Monday he stormed Magdala. His immediate return to the coast is expected.

Later dispatches state that Theodorus and his sons are prisoners. A great quantity of valuables were captured in Fortress Magdala. The English captives are *en route* for home.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 27, M.

The impeachment element appears less confident to-day than during the last week.

In the Court, after several propositions affecting the final argument by Senators had been rejected by votes indicating that a majority desire to push the trial to a speedy conclusion, the whole subject was postponed until after the argument is finished.

Stevens proceeded with his speech.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK April 27, M.

Stocks active and strong. Money 6@7. Gold $1.39. Tennessees 63.

Cotton firm at 33@33¼.

Turpentine firm, 73@75. Rosin firm at 3.45.

LIVERPOOL, April 27, M.

Cotton buoyant and higher. Sales of 15,000 of American descriptions at ⅛@¼ higher. Uplands 13. Orleans 13¼.

The Abyssinian news improves the finances.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

(SPECIAL TO THE SENTINEL.)

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTIONS.

WILMINGTON, April 27, P. M.

Brunswick (official) 784 for and 785 against the Constitution. Conservative representative, 11 majority.

Bladen (official) 200 Radical majority.

Bladen and Columbus elect a Conservative Senator.

Cumberland (official) 652 Radical majority.

Montgomery, Moore, Richmond and Robeson all gone Radical.

Anson (official) 812 for and 823 against the Constitution. Two precincts, giving a Radical majority, not counted, because the returns were not sent in within the time prescribed by Gen. Canby's order.

FROM WASHINGTON—IMPEACHMENT.

WASHINGTON, April 27, P. M.

The Court continued, and Stevens read twenty minutes, when he broke down.

Butler read the balance of his speech. He narrated the position of the Senators on the Tenure-of-Office bill at length, and said the Senators could not excuse its violation. His speech was exceedingly vindictive and quite strong.

Manager Williams succeeded, and will occupy part of to-morrow.

After the Court, the Senate received several executive messages and adjourned.

House:—A bill was introduced to admit the State of Arkansas into the Union; which was referred to the Reconstruction Committee. Adjourned.

The President's message, regarding the Department of the Atlantic, simply states that he established it in accordance with the usages of the government.

THE GEORGIA ELECTION.

SAVANNAH, April 27, P. M.

The counting of the city votes is progressing slowly. It is the general opinion that the Conservatives are in a small majority.

AUGUSTA, April 27, P. M.

The Confederate Memorial celebration took place this afternoon. The Cemetary was thronged with citizens, and business was suspended.

The election returns are still unsatisfactory, so that no definite conclusion can be arrived at.—The votes are not yet counted in Richmond and Burke counties.

FROM VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, April 27, P. M.

Gen. Schofield, to-day, appointed new Councilmen and City officers for Norfolk and Stanton.

Gen. Schofield has prepared no answer to Ex-Gov. Pierpoint's charges against him about obstructing the Union cause in the State, as he thinks them too idle for a reply.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, April 27, P. M.

The New Orleans *Tribune*, said to be the only daily paper in the United States, owned and edited by a negro, and the only one thus conducted in the South has suspended for want of support. It supported Taliferro for Governor and the native State ticket. Consequently, it was deprived of all official patronage It pays a high compliment to the ability, skill and integrity of its management.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 27, P. M.

Cotton 33 to 33½—mostly at 33, at which figure the market closes.

Flour dull.

Turpentine, on spot, 73@73½. Rosin 3,40 to 7.

BALTIMORE, April 27, P. M.

Cotton firm at 33½.

Flour active—prices unchanged.

WILMINGTON, April 27, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine 64@65. Rosin—lower grades in good demand. Strained 2,50@2,55; No. 2, 2,60 Tar 2,50.

Cotton quiet; Middling 30.

LIVERPOOL, April 27, P. M.

Cotton scarcely so firm. Uplands 12½@13. Orleans 13¼@13½.

ROCK HILL COLLEGE,

ELLICOTT CITY, Md.

THIS INSTITUTION, CONDUCTED BY THE Brothers of the Christian Schools, was established in 1857; and incorporated, and empowered to confer degrees by the General Assembly of Maryland, during its session of 1865.

It is situated on a rising ground in one of the healthiest and most picturesque portions of the State, and within a few minutes' walk of the Ellicott City Railroad Station.

FACULTY.

BROTHER BETTELIN, President.

BROTHER CIANAN, Vice President—Professor of Mathematics.

WM. E. A AIKIN M D., LL. D., Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy.

ALBERT TAYLOR BLEDSOE, A. M., LL. D., Professor of History, Rhetoric and English Literature.

BROTHER AZARIAS, Professor of Mathematics and English Composition.

BROTHER BENEDICT, Adjunct Professor of Mathematics and History.

SAMUEL E. W. BECKER, Ph. D, Professor of Latin and Greek.

ANTHONY TROETHOFF, Adjunct Professor of Latin.

JEAN VANNI, Professor of Drawing and French.

BROTHER LUKE, Professor of German and Music.

P. UBSER, Ph. D., Professor of Music.

BROTHER MATTHEW, Instructor in Grammar and Geography.

BROTH-R PETER, Prefect.

BROTHER BERNARDIN, Prefect of Junior Students.

DR. J H O'DONOVAN, Consulting Physician.

DR. T. B. OWINGS, Attending Physician.

TERMS:

Board, Washing and Tuition..... $300 00

Entrance Fee $5; Physician's Fee $6.

Music and Drawing, extra.

Oct. 22—65-1awlf

CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

26 COMMERCE STREET,

Feb 8-wtf Norfolk, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PERUVIAN GUANO!

Planters in want of

PERUVIAN GUANO,

Can be supplied by us with the

GENUINE ARTICLE,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICE,

By letter or otherwise.

RAINE & JACKSONS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

April 23-d3Awlw Petersburg, Va.

Popular Goods at Popular Prices!

THE PRICES TELL

AND

EVERYBODY TELLS THE PRICE!

April 22-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

A REVOLUTION IN PRICES!

ORIGINATED BY

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & Co.,

AND

SUSTAINED BY THE PEOPLE!

3,000 YDS. GRAY LAVELLAS—at 15c per yard. A neat, genteel article for Ladies' dresses.

April 23-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

3,500 YARDS SPRING AND SUMMER Calicoes at 10c per yd.

April 23-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

4,200 YARDS SPRING AND SUMMER Calicoes at 12½c. per yd.

April 23-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

7,980 YARDS SPRING AND SUMMER Prints at 15c. per yd.

April 23-tf W H & R S TUCKER & CO.

1,500 YDS. 4-4 BLEACHED AND Unbleached Domestics, at prices to please the people.

April 23-tf W H & R S TUCKER & CO.

3,200 YDS. PLAID HOMESPUN, at astonishing low prices.

April 23-tf W H & R S TUCKER & CO.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND JOBBERS IN

FOREIGN AND AMERICAN

DRY GOODS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

April 23-tf

Rare Chance for Investment.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

AS ADMINISTRATOR of the Estate of Dr. Samuel E. Chapman, dec'd, I will sell at

PUBLIC AUCTION,

in the Town of Graham, Alamance County, N. C. on TUESDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF MAY next, at 12 M, the land belonging to said Estate, about one and a half miles from the Company Shops, containing about

118 ACRES,

with all the improvements, consisting of a new two-story

DWELLING HOUSE,

well finished; one large Kitchen, Smoke House, Barn, &c., &c.

TERMS.—Note of six months with approved security. A. T JERRINS,

Newbern, April 23-eodtd.

To Stave Getters.

THE UNDERSIGNED, through the medium of the *Raleigh Sentinel* and by Circulars, have been instrumental in creating an interest in the

STAVE BUSINESS

in middle North Carolina, which has led to the manufacture of large quantities of Staves.

To those who have engaged in this business and have given us their patronage, we return our thanks. We do a strictly COMMISSION BUSINESS—we do not buy articles sent to us to sell, but sell them to the best advantage for our customers. Hence we charge the uniform commission of 2½ per cent upon all sales.

Thankful for the liberal support of our friends in North Carolina we beg a continuance of the same, assuring them that we will continue to exert ourselves in their behalf.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.

Commission Merchants,

April 22-2w Portsmouth, Va.

Norfolk Journal copy 1t

AUCTION SALE

OF

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

In the Town of Danville, Virginia.

ON Wednesday, 21st of May next, will be sold at public auction, without reserve, that valuable property, known as the **Danville New Hotel**, an elegant new five story brick building, on Main street, lot 70½ x 187½ feet, built with all the modern improvements for a first class Hotel, and containing 87 rooms, in addition to large Parlors, Dining Hall, &c. The location is one of the best in Virginia for a Hotel. The house, opened and well kept, would secure, at once, from seventy-five to one hundred good boarders. A great bargain may be had, as it will be certainly sold.

TERMS: One third cash; balance six and twelve months, with interest, satisfactorily secured

Will be sold at the same time and place, the Store House and lot adjoining, a valuable property. For further information address

JOHN M. JOHNSTON, Esq.

Cashier 1st National Bank,

April 15, 1868-tm.20. Danville, Va.

BANK OF CAPE FEAR,

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 17, 1868.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held in this City on Thursday, the 7th May next, at 10 o'clock.

J. G BURR,

April 27—td Cashier.

PICKLED BEEF.

10 Bbls for sale, cheap.

W. H. JONES & Co.

Apr 27-tf Com Merchants.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

ON or about the 8th inst., one medium size, light or pale red OX, about 5 years old, with horns rather small and wide apart; with a white spot in the forehead; right hind leg white nearly to the knee and the left white to and little above the ankle, and with some other little marks of white on the flank.

I will pay a liberal reward for his recovery or for any information that will lead thereto.

Mar 18—tf KIMBRO JONES.

North Carolina Land Agency.

HAVING MADE arrangements by which I can readily bring to the notice of Northern and European capitalists, our

AGRICULTURAL AND MINERAL RESOURCES,

I invite parties, having such property for sale, to address me at Reidsville, N. C.

Reference is made to public men generally in the State.

Mar 9—wtf D. W. COURTS.

NOTICE.

Having qualified as Administrator of William H. Hood, deceased, at February Term of Wake County Court, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment, and all having claims or demands, to present them duly authenticated, in the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

W. H. HIGH,

Mar 5—w6w Administrator.

SPECIAL NOTICES

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

A Essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb 1-149-daw3m.

JUST RECEIVED AT M. ROSENBAUM'S 75 Pieces, the choicest Brands, of

BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS.

To be sold at lowest market rates.

Feb 18-163-tf

MRS. WINSLOW'S

SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING, GREATLY FACILITATES the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for years and can say in CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED in a single instance to EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we known an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtue. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after years of experience, and PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.

Be sure and call for

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,"

Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Price, only 35 cents per Bottle.

OFFICES:

215 Fulton street, New York.

205 High Holborn, London, England.

441 St. Paul Street, Montreal, Canada.

Aug. 30—20-eodim

MISCELLANEOUS.

Ice Store and for Sale low.

100 Choice Maryland hams.

At TONNOFFSKI'S.

Feb 5-150-tf

WHITE PEPPER.

At TONNOFFSKI'S.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.

At TONNOFFSKI'S.

PICKLES, CANNED PEACHES, CANNED Strawberries, Canned Corn, Dried Figs, Currants, Raisins, Almonds, Cocoanuts, Oranges, a fresh supply at

April 23-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

HERRINGS! HERRINGS!

A lot of New Eastern Herrings, just received at

April 23-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

BLACK PEPPER AND ALLSPICE, MACE, and Ginger, at

April 23-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

FISH HOOKS AND LINES.

A large assortment just received at

April 23-tf. UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

COLGATE & CO'S

GERMAN

ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF

EXCELLENCE,

For sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 22—43m

SPRING TRADE.

1868. 1868.

12 KEGS ten penny nails and other sizes.

Blasting and Rifle Powder.

Shot and Bar lead.

Best Kerosene Oil, by the barrel or retail.

J. BROWN,

Raleigh, Apr 20-tf With Hart & Lewis.

BUCK EYE SULKY PLOW, REAPER AND MOWER!

On exhibition at the Farmer's Hall, the **Buck Eye Sulky Plow**, to which the attention of our farmers is respectfully called.

I am also special Agent for the sale of the celebrated Buck Eye Reaper and Mower, at Manufacturer's prices, with freight added.

The sooner we commence using these immense labor saving machines, the better for all concerned. JAMES M. TOWLES,

Apr. 15-tf. Agent.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH,

Grocers and Commission Merchants.

Market Square, Raleigh, N. C.

Orders for Cotton promptly filled.

REFER to Jno. G. Williams & Co., and Cashier National Bank, Raleigh, N. C.

April 16—tf.

DRUGS.

JORDAN & CARR,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

(Successors to Geo. B. Jones & Co.)

Sycamore, Corner Washington Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.

INVITE the Merchants, Physicians and Planters of Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee to examine their extensive stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Brushes, Combs, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Soaps, &c., &c., &c., &c.

WALTER B JORDAN. JOSEPH CARR.

April 17—tf.

TURNER'S TIC DOULOUREUX, OR Universal Neuralgia PILL.

A SAFE, CERTAIN, AND Speedy Cure FOR NEURALGIA, AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES.

Its Effects are Magical.

It is the UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than TWO OR THREE PILLS

No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this

WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements of many years standing,—affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always affords the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can ALWAYS be used with

PERFECT SAFETY

It has long been in constant use by many of MOST DISTINGUISHED PHYSICIANS, who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval.

Sent by mail on receipt of price and postage.

One package,	$1,00	Postage 6 cents.
Six packages,	5,00	" 27 "
Twelve packages,	9,00	" 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TUBNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,

120 TREMONT ST., BOSTON, MASS.

Jan. 10—120-law@m&w6m

QUOTATIONS FOR N. C. BANK NOTES!

BUYING RATES AT BANKING HOUSE OF

HENRY G. KELLOGG,

CORNER OF WEST MARKET AND SOUTH ELM STS., IN TATE BUILDING.

Greensboro, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	55
" Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	26
" Wilmington	27½
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	20
" Graham	23
" Lexington (old)	18
" " (new)	10
" Commerce	18
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	28
" " (new.)	12
Miners' and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	27
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	20
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25
N. C. R. R. Stock	20

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-295-3m

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26)	G. B. 55
" Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	30
" Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old	18
" Roxborough	61
" Wadesborough	26
" Thomasville	60
" Wilmington	27½
" Commerce	17
" Washington	3
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	3
Miners' and Planter's Bank	40
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough, new 10, old	27
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Greensborough Mutual	6
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	138
Silver	135
Old Coupons	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	50
Exchange on New York	¼

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK

OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

B. W. FULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD. GEO. W. SWEPSON,

A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

W. B. GULICK, Cashier.

C. J. IREDELL, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

PRICE CURRENT MARCH 21, 1868.

Bank of Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	30
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	17
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington, (old)	18
" " (new)	10
" Lexington, payable at Graham	22
" North Carolina	55
" Roxboro'	60
" Thomasville	60
" Wadesboro'	26
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	2
" Wilmington	27½
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old)	27
" " " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Miner's & Planter's Bank	40

Jan 16-135-tf

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE,

GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	17@22½
" BALT. & WESTERN	18@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	30@50
COTTON	23@25
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	22@240
SUGAR	17@20
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 50@1 75
HERRINGS	$6 00@10
HIDES, Green	8c pr lb.
" Dry	12½@15
HAY	$1@1 25 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 40@1 50
MOLASSES	55@75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS, Stock	1 25@1 50
" White	2 00@2 50
POTATOES, Irish	1 50@2 50
" Sweet	1 00@1 25
RAGS	4@5
SALT, Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@22
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	35@70
MULLETS	$8 50@9 00

REMARKS.

Cotton active and higher, prices from 1 to 2 cents better. We quote sales to-day (Monday) at 24 and 25.

Butter scarce and in demand at good prices.

MISCELLANEOUS

PEACHES.

Another lot of those fine Peaches, in 2 lb. cans, just received

Mar 28—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

SITUATION WANTED.

A young lady, well qualified to take charge of a Family School, who can give instruction in Music and all the branches usually taught, desires a situation. Address JOS. S. JONES, Esq., Henderson, N. C., or the Editors of the *Sentinel*.

April 8-2w

MISCELLANEOUS.

20 BBLS. No. 1. FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades arriving

At

Feb 3-139-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

Bacon! Bacon!

10,000 LBS. COUNTRY (hog round) Bacon. For sale by

April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

FINE WINES, ALES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.

At TONNOFFSKI'S.

March 2—tf.

CANDIES! CANDIES!

At TONNOFFSKI'S

Mar 18—tf

Star's Sauff,

FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT PURchasers, by DOUGLAS BELL.

March 12—tf

JUST RECEIVED.

Gunpowder, English, Breakfast and Oolong Tea. At

April 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

N. C. HAMS.

April 1-tf At DOUGLAS BELL'S.

COOKING SODA.

2,500 lbs Cooking Soda at

Apr 20-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

SALT! SALT!

100 Sacks Salt at

Apr 20-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

40 Bags prime Rio Coffee at

Apr 20-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

SUGAR! SUGAR!

15,000 lbs Brown Sugars at

Apr 20-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

CORN! CORN!

2,500 Bushels Corn at

Apr 20-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Family Patapsco.

25 " Superfine

15 " Family N. C.

Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS.

RECEIVED THIS DAY

500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs.

TONNOFFSKI'S

Feb 5-150-tf

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.

10 bbls. Peach Blow do

15 bbls. N. C. do

Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS.

N. C. BACON HAMS, SHOULDERS AND SIDES!

Western Bacon Shoulders and Sides, for sale by the hogshead or otherwise, at

Apr 16—tf G. T. & W. C STRONACH'S.

LARD, N. C. or Western, by barrel or small, at

Apr 16—tf G T & W C STRONACH.

SUGARS and COFFEES.

Wholesale or retail, at

Apr 16— G T & W C STRONACH.

FAMILY FLOUR.

Warranted by

Apr 16—tf— G T & W C STRONACH'S.

CORN and MEAL daily arriving at

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

CORN AND COTTON PLANTERS.

In store at Manufacturer's prices, with freight only added.

M. Sinclair & Co's and H. M. Smith & Co's celebrated CORN PLANTERS, and W. D. Johnson's improved patented

GEORGIA COTTON PLANTER.

By the use of these implements, you not only save seed and time, but secure the very best stand for early cultivation.

April 2-tf JAS. M. TOWLES, Agt.

The Last of the Season.

20 BARRELS POTATOES

JACKSON WHITES!

DYKEMANS!

MERCERS!

EARLY GOODRICH!

For sale by

April 24-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

UNION COTTON MILLS FOR SALE AT AUCTION.

The Union Manufacturing Company will expose to public sale on Tuesday the 21st of May, 1868, their

VALUABLE COTTON MILLS,

situated on Deep River, in the County of Randolph, 10 miles North of Asheboro, and 16 miles South-east of High Point. The factory building is a large brick edifice containing eight spinning frames with the necessary machinery, and twenty-one looms. There is connected with the premises a

FIRST CLASS FLOURING MILL,

WOOL-CARDING MACHINES,

OIL MILL AND COTTON GIN,

Together with THIRTEEN GOOD BUILDINGS for the accomodation of operatives, and a good STORE HOUSE, with basement.

JESSE WALKER, Agent

April 11-4d New Market, N. C.

RUMFORD'S YEAST POWDERS.

For sale by the dozen, at

April 16-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 2 lb., Cans (1qt.) $2 00 per doz.

15 " 6 lb. " (3qt.) $3.00 " "

DAILY SENTINEL.

TUESDAY, APRIL 28, 1868.

NOTHING TO DO.

BY MRS. MARGARET J. PRESTON.

The following expressive effusion points a tale for older boys than the child of the poetess's imagination. We commend its moral to those oppressed with that terrible ennui of "Nothing to Do," simply because they prefer to do nothing:

"I have shot my arrows, and spun my top,
And handled my last new ball;
I trundled my hoop till I had to stop;
And I swung till I got a fall.
I tumbled my books all out of the shelves,
And hunted the pictures through;
I've flung them where they may sort themselves,
And now—I have nothing to do.

"The Tower of Babel I built of blocks
Came down with a crash to the floor;
My train of cars ran over the rocks,
I'll warrant they'll run no more—
I have raced with Grip till I'm out of breath,
My slate is broken in two,
So I can't draw monkeys! I'm tired to death,
Because I have nothing to do.

"The boys have gone to the pond to fish,
They bothered me too, to go;
But for fun like that I hadn't a wish,
For I think it's mighty 'slow'
To sit all day at the end of a rod,
For the sake of a minnow or two,
Or to land, at the farthest, an eel on the sod—
I'd rather have nothing to do!

"Maria has gone to the woods for flowers
And Lucy and Rose are away
After berries—I am sure they've been out for hours.
I wonder what makes them stay;
Ned wanted to saddle Burne to for me,
But riding is nothing new;
"I was thinking you'd relish a canter," said he,
Because you had nothing to do.

"I wish I was poor Jim Foster's son
For he seems so happy and gay,
When his wood is chopped and his work all done,
With his little half hour of play;
He neither has books, nor top, nor ball,
Yet he's singing the whole day through;
But then—he is never tired at all
Because he has nothing to do."

MRS. PARTINGTON ON MASONS.

"Was Uncle Paul a Mason?" Ike asked of Mrs. Partington, as he stood looking at the rigid profile of the ancient corporal of the "Bloody Eleventh" that hung on the wall.

"No, he was a veteran sergeant, naturally, though he took in gardening afterwards, and raised the most wonderful squashes, that always took the primer at the Horticultural Fair."

"I mean was he a Free Mason?" continued Ike.

"O dear, no," replied she, "and I'm glad of it, for they are a great deal too free in throwing their plasterin' round, which is very mortarfying, and takes the color out of things so; and when they whitewashed the kitchen didn't they make free with the balmy bud rum which they mistook for a cordial? and I wish to gracious it had been a 'metic to have taught 'em a lesson to be a little less free next time."

"But, Free Masons," said Ike, petulantly, "ain't masons; I mean the fellows that built the temple."

"O!" she exclaimed, "them? Well dear, I have heared of a good many things they did, and then again I have heared a good many things they didn't, so between 'em both I don't believe neither. It is a great mystery!" she whispered, "and if they didn't kill Morgan, they ought to have done it if they agreed to, though it was a bad thing for him. But I never believed the story of sculling up Niagry Falls in a pot-kettle with a crowbar, which is preposterous, and as for the gridiron—thereby hangs a tale, and the Lord knows what they do in their secret cemeteries, when they get on one another's clothes by mistake and cut up all sorts of capers, to say nothing of the ridiculous aprons which make 'em look so queer."

The interest of Ike had ceased, and he had turned his attention to anointing the cat with an application of soft soap.

The Bishop of Argyle tells several stories about the churches in the western Highlands of Scotland. He was lately compelled to remove from one of the churches in his diocese one of the illuminated texts:—"Drink, and let the camels drink also." It was originally intended to be a precept to inculcate kindness to animals, but the people, who had very slight knowledge of English, interpreted it to be a permission at least to indulge in liquor, and allow their old enemies on the other side of the hills—the Campbells—to refresh themselves in the same way.

A line in one of Moore's songs reads thus: "Our couch shall be roses bespangled with dew." To which a sensible girl replied: "Twould give me the rheumatiz, and so it would you."

"Hello, Bill, lend me five dollars!"

"Your's mistaken in the man, sir, I'm not a five dollar Bill."

"I would advise you to put your head in a dye tub; it's rather red," said a joker to a young lady.

"In return, sir, I would advise you to put your's in an oven, for it's rather soft," was the prompt and cutting reply.

DRY GOODS.

GRAND OPENING!

FOR

SPRING OF 1868!!

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

HAVING NEWLY REFITTED MY OLD Stand, No. 16 Fayetteville Street, I am now daily receiving a splendid supply of the (in part) below enumerated GOODS. I am now prepared to offer to my customers, and the public in general, a full stock of

DRY GOODS,
FANCY GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, &c.
SPRING SHAWLS,
SILK WRAPPINGS,
SILKS, &c.
HATS,
RIBBONS,
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, &c.
GLOVES AND HOSIERY,
LACE CURTAINS,
OIL CLOTHS,
MATTINGS.

900 Pieces of the latest patterns of PRINTS.

150 Pieces bleached and unbleached SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS.

Ladies', Misses and Children's SHOES.

Gent's and Boys HATS of every description, and all the latest styles.

BOOTS AND SHOES,
in great variety.

"Richard's Patent Combined" Paper COLLARS and BOSOMS.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

Ladies and Gent's Traveling Trunks, Valises, Morocco Bags, Railroad Bags, etc., etc.

Come one and all, and examine my stock, before buying elsewhere, and I promise YOU WILL NOT LOSE ANYTHING BY IT.

M. ROSENBAUM,
No. 16 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

April 21-3m

ALE! ALE!!—10 KEGS "COCKADE CITY," received this morning. A supply always on hand.
W. H. JONES & CO.
Jan 28-18-tf

THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.

Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceedings, exempt.

Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents.

Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right 5 cents.

Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.

For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.

On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.

Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof 50 cents

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.

Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.

Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.

General, 5 cents

Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.

Of search of records, 5 cents.

That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.

That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.

Of redemption of land sold for taxes 5 cents.

Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.

Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents

Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.

Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.

Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.

Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $300, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars, 50 cents.

Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.

Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1.00.

For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Gauger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons pay, 10 cents

Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.

Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 25 cents.

To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.

To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.

To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1.00.

For any other purpose, 50 cents.

Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000, $1.00.

For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1.00.

Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.

Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland.)

Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note

Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.

Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyances.

Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 25 cts

Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.

Exceeding $1,000, for every $1 000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.

Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents.

Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.

Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.

Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.

Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100 25 cents.

When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.

Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire. Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 10 cents.

Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.

Insurance Life, when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000 50 cts.

Exceeding $5,000, $1.00.

Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300, for each additional $200, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.

Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."

Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.

Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.

Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.

Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $300, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.

Pawner's Checks 5 cents.

Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents.

Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50 $1.00

For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1.00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B, except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made, may stamp it before it is used; and, if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyance of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required, and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a full list of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress, the Republican members being marked "r," and the opposition "d."

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, r, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, r, of Penn., Secretary.

Term Expires		Term Expires
MAINE.		**INDIANA.**
Lot M Morrill, r '69		T A Hendricks, d '69
Wm P Fessenden, r '71		Oliver Morton, r '73
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		**ILLINOIS.**
Aaron H Cragin, r '71		Richard Yates, r '71
Jas W Patterson, r '73		Lyman Trumbull, r '73
VERMONT.		**MICHIGAN.**
Geo F Edmunds, r '71		Zach Chandler, r '69
Justus S Morrill, r '73		Jacob M Howard, r '71
MASSACHUSETTS.		**WISCONSIN.**
Charles Sumner, r '71		J R Doolittle, d '69
Henry Wilson, r '73		Timothy O Howe, r '73
RHODE ISLAND.		**MINNESOTA.**
William Sprague, r '69		Alex Ramsey r '69
Henry B Anthony, r '71		Daniel S Norton d '71
CONNECTICUT.		**IOWA.**
James Dixon d '69		James W Grimes, r '71
Orris S Ferry, r '73		James Harlan, r '73
NEW YORK.		**MISSOURI.**
Edwin D Morgan, r '69		John B Henderson, r '69
Roscoe Conkling, r '71		Charles D Lrale e, r '73
NEW JERSEY.		**KANSAS.**
F T Frelinghuysen, r '69		Edmund G Ross, r '71
Alex G Gattell, r '71		Samuel C Pomeroy, r '73
PENNSYLVANIA.		**NEBRASKA.**
C R Buckalew, d '69		Thos W Tipton, r '69
Simon Cameron, r '75		John M Thayer, r '71
DELAWARE.		**NEVADA.**
Geo R Riddle, d '69		Wm M Stewart, r '69
Wm Saulsbury, d '73		James W Nye, r '71
MARYLAND.		**CALIFORNIA**
Reverdy Johnson, d '69		John Conness, r '69
—— Hamilton, d —		Cornelius Cole, r '71
WEST VIRGINIA.		**OREGON.**
P G Van Winkle, r '69		Geo H Williams, r '71
Waitman T Willey, r '71		Henry Corbett, r '73
KENTUCKY.		**COLORADO.**
—— Mc Creery, d —		John Evans, r —
Garrett Davis, d '73		Jerome B Chaffe, r —
TENNESSEE.		*Not admitted.
D T Patterson, d '69		
Joseph S Fowler, r '71		
OHIO.		
Benjamin F Wade, r '69		
John Sherman, r '73		

RECAPITULATION.

Republicans 44. Democrats and Conservatives, 10.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Schuyler Colfax, r, of Indiana, Speaker
Edward McPherson, r, of Pennsylvania, Clerk

MAINE.
John Lynch, r
Sidney Perham, r
James G Blaine, r
John A Peters, r
Frederick A Pike, r

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Jacob H Ela, r
Aaron F Stevens, r
Jacob Benton, r

VERMONT.
F E Woodridge, r
Luke P Poland, r
W C Smith r

MASSACHUSETTS.
Thomas D Eliott, r
Oakes Ames, r
Ginery Twichell, r
Samuel Hooper, r
Benjamin F Butler, r
Nathaniel P Banks, r
George S Boutwell, r
John D Baldwin, r
Wm B Washburn, r
Henry L Dawes, r

RHODE ISLAND.
Nathan F Dixon r

CONNECTICUT.
Richard D Hubbard, d
Julius Hotchkiss d
H H Starkweather, r
William H Barnum, d

NEW YORK.
Stephen Tabor, d
Demas Barnes, d
Wm E Robinson, d
John Fox, d
John Morrissey, d
Thomas E Stewart, d
John W Chandler, d
Jas Brooks, d
Fernando Wood, d
Wm H Robertson, r
Thomas H Van Wyck, r
John H Ketchum, r
Thomas Cornell r
John V L Pruyn d
John A Griswold, r
Orange Ferris, r
Calvin T Hulburd, r
James M Mervin, r
Wm C Fields, r
Addison H Laflin, r
Alex H Bailey, r
John C Churchill, r
Denis McCarthy, r
Theo M Pomeroy, r
Wm H Kelsey, r
Wm S Lincoln, r
Hamilton Ward, r
Lewis Selye, r
Burt Van Horn, r
James M Murphy, d
Henry Van Aernam, r

NEW JERSEY.
Wm Moore, r
Chas Haight, d
Chas Shitgreaves, d
John Hill, r
Geo A Halsey, r

PENNSYLVANIA.
Samuel J Randall, d
Chas O'Neill, r
Leonard Myers, r
Wm D Kelley, r
Caleb N Taylor r
Ben M Boyer, d
Jno M Bromell, r
Jno L Getz, d
Thaddeus Stevens, r
Henry L Cake, r
David M Van Anken, d
Geo W Woodward, d
Ulysses Mercer, r
George F Miller, r
A J Grossbrenner, d
Wm H Kennedy, r
Daniel J Morrell, r
Samuel F Wilson, r
Glenni W Scofield, r
Darwin A Finney, r
John Covode, r
Jas K Moorehead r
Thomas Williams, r
Geo V Lawrence r

DELAWARE.
John A Nicholson, d

MARYLAND.
Hiram McCullock, d
Stevenson Archer, d
Chas E Phelps, d
Francis Thomas, r
Frederick Stone, r

WEST VIRGINIA.
Chester D Hubbard, r
Bethuel M Kitchen, r
Daniel Polsley, r

KENTUCKY.
L S Trimble, d
John Y Brown, d
John S Golladay, d
J Proctor Knott, d
Asa P Grover, d
Thomas L Jones, d
James B Beck, d
George M Adams, d
John D Young, d

KANSAS.
Sidney Clarke, r

TENNESSEE.
Roderick R Butler, r
*Not admitted

INDIANA.
Wm E Niblack d
Michael C Kerr, d
Horton C Hunter, r
Wm S Holman, d
George W Julian, r
John Coburn, r
H D Washburn, r
Goodlove S Orth, r
Schuyler Colfax, r
John P C Shanks, r

ILLINOIS.
At large—J A Logan, r
Norman B Judd, r
John F Farnsworth, r
Elihu B Washburne, r
Abner C Harding, r
Eben C Ingersoll, r
Burton C Cook, r
H P Bromwell r
Shelby M Cullom r
Lewis W Ross, d
Albert G Burr, d
Samuel S Marshall, d
John Baker, r
Green B Raum, r

MICHIGAN.
Fer C Beaman, r
Chas Upson, r
Austin Blair, r
Thos W Ferry, r
B E Trowbridge, r
Jno F Driggs, r

WISCONSIN.
Halbert E Paine, r
Ben F Hopkins r
Amasa Cobb, r
Chas A Eldridge, d
Philetus Sawyer, r
C C Washburne r

MINNESOTA.
Wm Windom, r
Ignatius Donnelly, r

IOWA.
James F Wilson, r
Hiram Price, r
Wm B Allison r
Wm Loughbridge, r
George M Dodge, r
Asahel W Hubbard, r

MISSOURI.
Wm A Pile, r
Chas A Newcomb, r
Jas B McCormick, d
Jos J Gravelly, r
Jos W McClurg r
Robt T Van Horn, r
Ben F Loan, r
John F Benjamin r
George W Anderson,

NEBRASKA.
John Taffe, r

NEVADA.
Delos M Ashley, r

CALIFORNIA.
Samuel B Axtell, d
Williams Higby, r
James A Johnson, d

OREGON.
Rufus Mallory, r

COLORADO.
George M Chilcott, r

DELEGATES.

ARIZONA.
Coles Bashford, r

DAKOTA.
Walter A Burleigh, r

IDAHO.
E D Holbrook d

MONTANA.
Jas M Cavanaugh, d

NEW MEXICO.
C P Clever d (contested)

UTAH.
Wm D Hooper, d

WASHINGTON.
Alvin Flanders, r

WYOMING.
James S Casement, r

RECAPITULATION.
(Without Delegates from Territories):
Republicans, 140. Democrats and Conservatives, 49.

Courts Of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.

Anson County—On the second Monday in January, April, July and October

Ashe—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Alexander—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Alamance—First Monday after the 4th Monday of February, May, August and November

Alleghany—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Beaufort—Third Monday in March and September, and the first Monday in June and December.

Bertie—Second Monday in February, May, August and November.

Bladen—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Brunswick—First Monday in March, June September and December.

Buncombe—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Burke—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Cabarrus—Third Monday in January, April, July and October

Caldwell—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Camden—Second Monday in March, June, September and November

Carteret—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Caswell—First Monday after the 4th Monday of March, June, September and December

Catawba—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Chatham—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Chowan—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Cleveland—First Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Columbus—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Craven—Second Monday in March June, September and December

Cumberland—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Currituck—Last Monday in Feburary, May, August and November

Cherokee—Second Monday in April, July, September and December

Clay First Monday in April, July, September and December

Dupiin—Third Monday in January, April, July and October

Davidson—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Davie—Fourth Monday in Feb'ry, May, August and November

Edgecombe—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Franklin—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Forsythe—Third Monday in March, June, September and December

Gates—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Granville—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Greene—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Guilford—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Gaston—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Halifax—Third Monday in March, June, September and December

Harnett—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Haywood—First Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Hertford—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Hyde—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Henderson—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Iredell—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Johnston—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Jones—Fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September, and on the last Monday in January and July

Jackson—Fourth Monday in April, July, September and December

Lenoir—First Monday in January and July, and third Monday in March and September

Lincoln—Third Monday in February May, August and November

Martin—Second Monday in January, April, July and October

McDowell—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Mecklenburg—Second Monday in January April, July and October

Montgomery—First Monday in January, April, July and October

Moore—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Macon—Third Monday in April, July, September and December

Madison—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Mitchell—Fourth Monday in March, June, September and December

Nash—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

New Hanover—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Northampton—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Onslow—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Orange—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Pasquotank——Monday in March, June, September and December

Perquimans—Second Monday in February, May, August and December

Person—Third Monday in March, June, September and December

Pitt—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Polk—Second Monday after the fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Randolph—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Richmond—Third Monday in January, April, July and October

Rowan—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Robeson—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Rockingham—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Rutherford—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Sampson—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Stokes—Third Monday in March, June, September and December

Surry—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Stanly—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Tyrrell—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Transylvania—Second Monday after the fourth Monday in April, July, September and December

Union—First Monday in January, April, July and October

Wake—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Warren—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Washington—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Watauga—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Wayne—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Wilkes—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Wilson—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Yadkin—First Monday in January, April, July and October

Yancy—Fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in April, July, September and December

NUMBER OF POUNDS TO A BUSHEL.

Of Wheat	60 Pounds.
Of Shelled Corn	56 do
Of Corn on the Cob	70 do
Of Rye	56 do
Of Oats	35 do
Of Barley	40 do
Of Potatoes	60 do
Of Bran	20 do
Of Clover Seed	60 do
Of Timothy Seed	45 do
Of Flax Seed	45 do
Of Hemp Seed	44 do
Of Buckwheat	52 do
Of Blue Grass	14 do
Of Castor Bean	46 do
Of Dried Peaches	33 do
Of Dried Apples	24 do
Of Onions	57 do
Of Salt	50 do

1868. SPRING TRADE. 1868.

FRESH ARRIVAL—BUGGY MATERIAL.

Hickory Rims, Spokes, Finished Shafts, Hubs, Long Arm ¾ inch patent Axles. Plated Hub and Sand Bands, Silver head, Japanese and Ivory Lining Nails, Band Nails, Curtain Knobs, Carriage and Tire Bolts, Axle Clips and Felloe Plates. Enamelled Muslin, Drilling and Canvass. Dash Leather and Mole-skin. Oil cloth Carpeting. Japanese and Plated Buckles, Curtain Frames and Whip Sockets. Wood Shirrups, Buggy Springs, assorted.
J. BROWN.
Raleigh, April 4-tf With Hart & Lewis.

ANOTHER LOT OF CANNED PEACHES. Just received by
April 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Superior Courts.

FIRST CIRCUIT.

Tyrrell—First Monday in March and September
Washington—Second Monday in March and September
Bertie—Third Monday in March and September
Hertford—Fourth Monday in March and November
Gates—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Chowan—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Perquimans—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Pasquotank—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Camden—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Currituck—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

SECOND CIRCUIT.

Duplin—Fourth Monday in March and September.
Wayne—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Green—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Lenoir—Third Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Craven—Fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Jones—Wednesday next after 4th Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Onslow—Sixth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Carteret—Seventh Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Beaufort—Eighth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Hyde—Ninth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Wilson—Tenth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September

THIRD CIRCUIT.

Martin—On the Monday before the first Monday in March and September.
Pitt—First Monday in March and September
Edgecombe—Second Monday in March and September
Nash—Third Monday in March and September
Johnston—Fourth Monday in March and September
Wake—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Chatham—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Franklin—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Warren—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Halifax—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Northampton—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

FOURTH CIRCUIT.

Granville—First Monday in March and September
Orange—Second Monday in March and September
Chatham—Third Monday in March and September
Randolph—Fourth Monday in March and September
Davidson—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Forsythe—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Stokes—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Guilford—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Rockingham—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Caswell—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Person—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Alamance—Eighth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

FIFTH CIRCUIT.

Harnett—Monday preceding the Monday next before the last Monday in February and August
Moore—Monday before the last in February and August
Montgomery—Last Monday in February and August
Stanly—First Monday in March and September
Anson—Second Monday in March and September
Richmond—Third Monday in March and September
Robeson—Fourth Monday in March and September
Bladen—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Columbus—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Brunswick—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
New Hanover—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Sampson—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Cumberland—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

SIXTH CIRCUIT.

Davie—Fourth Monday in February and Aug
Yadkin—First Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Surry—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Alleghany—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Ashe—Fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in February and August
Wilkes—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Alexander—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Iredell—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Union—Eighth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Mecklenburg—Ninth and Tenth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August.
Cabarrus—Eleventh Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Rowan—Twelfth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.

Catawba—Second Monday in February and Aug
Lincoln—Third Monday in February and Aug
Gaston—Fourth Monday in February and Aug
Cleveland—First Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Polk—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Rutherford—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
McDowell—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Burke—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Caldwell—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Watauga—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August.

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.

Clay—First Monday in April and September
Cherokee—Second Monday in April and Sep
Macon—Third Monday in April and September
Jackson—Fourth Monday in April and September
Haywood—First Monday after the fourth Monday in April and September
Transylvania—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in April and September
Henderson—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in April and September
Madison—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in April and September
Yancey—Fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in April and September
Mitchell—Sixth Monday after the fourth in April and September.
Buncombe—Seventh Monday after the 4th in April and September, continued two weeks.

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spence Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety.
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels,	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

CORN.
1,000 bushels on hand and to arrive.
Mar 26 -tf W. H. JONES & CO.

BACON.
100 Choice Va. and N. C. Hams.
50 " Shoulders.
Just to hand,
Mar 26 -tf W. H. JONES & CO.

HAY.
50 bales Hay.
Mar 26 -tf W. H. JONES & CO.

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi-Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

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W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Jan. 1st., 1868. Proprietor

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to